

Jacksonville

Republican.

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

VOLUME XLII.

THE REPUBLICAN.

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY
MORNING BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

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Marriage notices..... 50

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At State Offices..... 10.00

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How I Was Mesmerized.

I was once a devout believer in mesmerism—that was in my "salad days," when I was green in judgment—but my faith in the science has been terribly shaken by some incidents of a tender nature which happened to me personally.

I was twenty-five, and can candidly affirm heart-whole as regarded the fair sex. My employment was in the city, and I lived with my widowed mother in a little cottage, one of a pretty row in a quiet street in London suburb. To get to the main road, I had every morning to pass along the row, which I did for several weeks without anything occurring worth mentioning, when one bright spring day I met my fate in the person of a very pretty girl watering flowers in the little garden-plot in front of No. 6.

I took in the devouring glance. Of the middle height, lithe and well rounded in figure, draped in quiet mourning costume, with abundance of rich brown hair, and ravishing pair of ankles, which her stooping position revealing them distinctly.

I was fairly bewitched by the beauty of her face and eyes. The former belonged to the highest type of blonde, and the latter was as blue as the bluest of skies; one in particular—the left—shone with extraordinary brilliancy. As I turned into the main road, I took a last look, and that eye was upon me.

My occupation in the city was and is sedentary, but all that day at business I felt the magic of the wonderful eye. It haunted me continually.

I was rapidly becoming neglectful of my duties, to the peril of my prospects, which were good, when I was saved by a formal introduction to the cause of my beauty.

I took to the study of biology in all its branches, that of the so-called mesmerism with avidity, but as may be imagined, in secret, and to little purpose, for I was neither a Darwin nor a Huxley. I was getting tranquillized, for Julia had not exhibited the peculiarity again, and I was about to toss my mind and perplexities to the winds of forgetfulness, when an event occurred which quite upset both my judgment and bodily health.

It was a lovely autumn morning, and I stood looking down upon my Eve like one who was utterly distraught. That eye, that terrible bright eye of hers, was shining brighter than the morning star.

The other was closed, and the long lashes casting a faint shadow on her abashed cheek. She would have presented a pretty picture as she lay with her rose lips slightly parted; but that eye spoiled it, and I, in a kind of frozen mechanical silence, roused myself and left the chamber.

To walk in a small garden before breakfast and meditate may be healthful, but to be pursued into every angle by an eye belonging to the being you love the best in the world is, to say the least, about such a thing, bewildering. I was bewildered, bewitched, mesmerized, and when I came indoors and sat down to breakfast, I could only stare at my Julia in a stupid way.

"What is the matter with you?" she asked several times, and I could only return for answer something between an hysterical giggle and a groan.

The ball led to an intimacy between our families, and it was not long before I became a suitor for the hand of the beautiful and accomplished Miss Julia Stokes, only daughter of a widow who had a small but comfortable independence.

Our courtship, I presume, was much the same as that of other lovers. On my side I knew it was very ardent, and in a few months the day, the happy day, was named.

My mother saw no objection, but could only hint that the dazzling lustre of one of Julia's eyes caused her some perplexity.

My mother-in-law that was to be said, so to me:

"You take my daughter with all her imperfections, and my fervent prayer is that you will never regret the step. I ought to explain; indeed, it is my duty to do so. You must understand that in extreme youth my child met with—"

Julia, who was present, hastily interposed, and invited me into the back garden, whither I willingly accompanied her, for I had had a horror of family explanations.

While wandering among the flowers, looking and talking the soft nonsense so dear to youthful loves, Julia abruptly turned to me, and fixing her dear orbs, one especially, firmly on my beaming countenance, said to me, in tones that thrilled me to the very centre of my heart:

"Algeron, if anything were to happen to me—if you discovered I was not as good as I ought to be for your love, would you—could you—love me then as now?"

Need I say what my answer was? She kissed me for it, and on the spot I prevailed on her to name the happy day.

In due course we were married, and dutifully passed away a month together at the seaside. We then settled down in a cosy cottage in a cosy suburb. We had been at home for a week or two, quietly trying to settle down, when one day I thought to surprise my Julia with a new dress, or rather the silk for one. The day was a hot summer one, so with

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1878.

WHOLE NO. 2164.

MY LAND.

She is a rich and rare land;
Oh! she's a fresh and fair land;
She is a dear and rare land—
The native land of mine.

No man than hero are braver,
Her women's hearts never waver;
I'd freely die to save her.
And think my lot divine.

She's not a dull or cold land;
No! she's a warm and bold land;
Oh! she's a true and rare land—
This native land of mine.

Could beauty ever guard her,
And virtue still reward her,
No fear would cross her border—
No friend within it pine.

Oh! she's a fresh and fair land;
Oh! she's a true and rare land;
Yes, she's a rare and fair land—
This native land of mine.

the parcel under my arm, instead of entering my domicile by the front door, I went round to the back, and looked into the sitting-room, which was a favorite with Julia.

There she was, reclining on a sofa asleep, her figure displayed to much advantage for the gaze of an enraptured husband. I stole into the apartment, intending to place the parcel on a table and retire; but the sight that met my view chained me to the spot. One of Julia's eyes was shut, the other wide open, and glittering like a diamond of the first water. It fixed itself on me, and caused a thrill to pass down my right into my boots, as if I had received a galvanic shock.

All kinds of surmises raced through my troubled brain, and in my horror I would have cried out, but my tongue clave dry to the roof of my mouth. After all, was mesmerism a science and a truth, and had I married one who had the power to lead me about by her sweet, strong will like a lap-dog at the end of a string, or was my Julia afflicted with paralysis of the optic nerve? Was she human, or only a bewitching, beautiful female Polyphemus? Could there be anything of the vampire in her composition? Could there—could there—

Great beads of perspiration gathered on my agonized brow, and the parcel dropped to the floor with a bump, which caused Julia to start up and utter a little shriek, which sent me plump into a chair.

"What is the matter, Algeron?" she asked.

"The heat—I have been walking fast!" I gasped.

And for the next ten minutes I was subjected to a process of *sal volatile* to my nostrils and vinegar to my temples. How I got over that evening I don't remember; but I do recollect that I felt dreadfully stupefied, and was in a nervous way for several days afterward. Loving Julia dearly and afraid of hurting her feelings, I made no remarks, nor asked for an explanation. There was, however, growing upon me a feeling that there was some mystery connected with my wife, which only time could unravel.

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Premature Burials.

It is a fact, as strange as it is sad, that so many persons are buried before they are thoroughly dead. The reason is perhaps that much ignorance still prevails in regard to what is real death. Even physicians, who should know better, have frequently pronounced a person dying or dead, when it was only a fainting fit of long duration, with cessation of circulation and respiration. The sign of death commonly believed in, is to place a mirror on the face of a person and observe if any moisture is condensed on that portion of glass over the mouth, or to tie a string tightly around a finger and notice if it swells up. The moisture on the mirror and the swelling up of the finger, are, to be sure, certain signs that death has not taken place, while they are the result of continued—however weak—respiration and circulation; but the failure to observe any such results is by no means a guarantee that the person is dead, because there are numerous cases of a trance state in which respiration and circulation had totally stopped, and after many hours, and even days, were restored. A person in such a condition gives no signs of life whatsoever—no auscultation can detect the slightest trace of the beating of the heart; it is only a suspension of those functions of life, which certainly are also the first symptoms of the beginning of death, but do not constitute death itself, which takes place sometime afterward. If, now, this real death does not follow, and the functions of respiration and circulation, from some unknown causes, are restored to the individual, he soon regains his consciousness; and if, in the meantime, the relatives, ignorant of the above facts, had too much confidence in the physician who declared the patient dead, and listened to the advice of the undertakers, who are always anxious to finish up their jobs, so as not to be cheated out of them, the poor patient has been buried alive, and his feelings, on awakening in the narrow coffin, buried in the earth beyond help, are a most horrible thing to contemplate. Real death does not commence before the lingering vitality has been so far extinguished that the ordinary chemical processes and reactions between the different parts constituting the body take place without hindrance. If we have a soul or spirit which can exist independently of the body, this spirit cannot become free from its entanglements in the material body before this body begins to decompose and loses its vital functions entirely; before that time unconsciousness prevails. We hold, therefore, that death begins with unconsciousness, and that if there is an after life of the spirit, the real death or departure of this spirit only takes place when decomposition of the body begins, which alone constitutes real death of the body, while the soul is gradually set free, or evolved from the decaying body. The sure sign of this decomposition is not the odor, as many sick persons emit bad odors even during life; but it is the visible signs of decomposition, which are a greenish discoloration, first appearing on the abdomen or in the region of the stomach. This sign is absolutely certain, and if we had the power, we would have a law enacted forbidding the burial (except in cases of preventing dangerous epidemics) of any individual in which this sign had not appeared.

A Romance on the Rail.

They came into the car at a wayside station together. She was in the lead, a position she is not likely to surrender as long as they travel together. A tall brunette, with a sharp face, piercing black eyes, hair black as a raven's wing, a long aquiline nose, with a mole on the side of it, mouth the cut of which betokened determination and force. She had passed the shady side of the teens and had climbed to the apex of a quarter of a century. He was a guileless youth over whose tow-colored head some eighteen summers had passed, an innocent hobbled chester, just released from his mother's apron strings. On him she cast loving glances, and his face, suffused with blushes, was turned with a timid, appealing look to her.

The car was crowded, and eligible seats not easily obtainable. About the middle of the car a sedate traveler occupied a seat to himself. Thither the irrepressible lady pressed her way. The sedate traveler rose, and with much courtesy invited her to take a seat next to the window, and when she was seated he calmly ensconced himself upon the vacant half of the chair. By this time the young man whom she was escorting had come up. He placed his hand on the back of the seat, looked appealingly on the face of his protectress, and timidly around the car. He was evidently embarrassed, and did not know what to do with himself. The sharp-eyed brunette eyed the sedate traveler by her side with a sharpness that almost amounted to malignity.

But the traveler seemed all unconscious of the scrutiny to which he was subjected, and looked away over the fields through an opposite window.

The brunette could no longer endure to see her callow beau standing forlorn, and thus addressed the sedate traveler, whose eyes were wandering far away, and whose thoughts were with the dear ones at home:

Gallant Joe Hooker.

Joe Hooker, at the reception of the Army of the Potomac, occupied a big arm-chair, having a beautiful little girl of seven on his knees, whom he kissed repeatedly. One of the company remarked to the child, "You must remember this. Ten or fifteen years hence you will be very proud of having been kissed by fighting Joe Hooker." Whereupon the general wrinkled his brows, "I should not mind it either, my dear, if you were ten or fifteen years older now."

Promptly,

"I say, stranger—"

"Well, say on," responded the sedate traveler.

"I say, look here, stranger."

"Well, what have you got to show me?" said the sedate man.

"Stranger, I want you to know that

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

There are lots of human beings who cackle so much about the egg they mean to lay that they never lay any egg at all.

"Mother," exclaimed a little poet of four summers, "listen to the wind making music for the leaves to dance by."

Only Providence could create day and night; but the commonest idler can turn day into night and night into day.

There is man a higher love than love of happiness. He can do without happiness, and instead thereof find blessedness.

Always meet pretence with gentleness and perverseness with kindness. A gentle hand can lead even an elephant by a hair.

Sel-f-love is a medium of a peculiar kind; it magnifies everything which is amiss in others, at the same time that it lessens everything that is amiss in ourselves.

The worst slander often has in its some truth, from which we may learn a lesson that may make us wiser, and, if we will, better, when the first smart of it is over.

The plain and wholesome things of life are its greatest blessings. We are taught to pray for luxuries or dainties, but for daily bread.

The world never harms a Christian so long as he keeps it out of his heart. Temptation is never dangerous until it has an inside accomplice. Sin within betrays the heart to the outside assailant.

Persons who make a peculiar profession of godliness should be peculiarly circumspect in their moral walk; else they hurt not only their own character, but above all, the cause of religion itself.

It is a most important lesson, and too little thought of, that we learn how to enjoy ordinary life, and to be able to relish our being, without the transport of some passion, or the gratification of some appetite.

There are souls which fall from heaven like flowers; but ere they open are trodden in the dust of the earth, and lie soiled and crushed under the foul tread of some brutal foot.

The Republic.

Tickets for single persons to the Fair grounds will be fifty cents each—three tickets for one dollar.

The Fair promises to be a gigantic success this season.

The managers of the Fair offer a premium for the best oil painting. In the premium list it reads: "oriental painting."

A premium for the best trio of Plymouth Rock chickens was accidentally left out of the premium list. There is a premium for them.

Among the attractions of the Fair will be a grand tournament, slow and fast mule races, foot races, bag races, and other amusing performances.

Maj. Crook, of Mobile, and his accomplished wife, who have been spending the summer in Jacksonville, have gone. Both made many warm friends while here.

A rush of new advertisements last week and this week leaves us little editorial space.

Rev. B. D. Turner preached to a very large congregation, in the Baptist church last Sunday.

OBITUARY.
DIED, at Patons, Ala., Sept. 24, '78, Mrs. P. D. Burks, formerly Miss Maude Beauchamp of Jacksonville, in the 21st year of her age.

The deceased had been in declining health for months—result of hereditary consumption. She bore her misfortune with Christian fortitude. Her last moments were peaceful and calm. "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God."

For sale by W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville.

ATKINS, Ga., December 8, 1877.

A few nights ago I gave my son one dose of Worm Oil, and the next day he passed 16 large worms. At the same time I gave one dose to my little girl, four years old, and she passed 86 worms, from 15 inches long.

W. F. P. Atkins,
For sale by Dr. W. M. Nisbet, Jacksonville.

July 6, '78—*ad.*

ATKINS, Ga., February 22, 1878.

S. my child, five years old, had symptoms of worms. I tried calomel and other worm medicines, but failed to get rid of them. Seeing Mr. Bain's cathartics, I got a vial of your Worm Oil, and the first dose brought forty worms, and the second dose so nicely passed I did not count them.

S. H. Adams,
For sale by Dr. W. M. Nisbet, Jacksonville.

July 6, '78—*ad.*

ELECTION NOTICE.
THE STATE OF ALABAMA
CALHOUN COUNTY

Notice is hereby given that L. David Z. Goodlett, as the Sheriff of said County will cause to be opened and held at the several places of voting in the election precincts in said County, on Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1878, that being the 5th day of said month, an election for the purpose of electing a Representative in the Congress of the United States for the 7th Congressional District of the State of Alabama; and notice is hereby further given that the following named persons are appointed Inspectors of said election for the respective precincts in said county as hereinafter to wit:

Precinct No. 1—Jacksonville.
Wm H. Bean { Inspectors.
J. M. Caldwell
T. R. West
R. E. Riley, Returning officer.

Precinct No. 2—Alexandria.
Hosey Jones { Inspectors.
C. H. Darling
E. D. McFadden

No. 3—Lee, Returning officer.
Precinct No. 4—Four mile spring.
M. W. Woodruff { Inspectors.
Richard Bonds
James A. Douglas

Precinct No. 5—Polkville.
P. J. Haynes, Returning officer.
J. V. Weaver { Inspectors.
S. P. Morris
J. P. Seifert

P. R. Hess, Returning officer.
Precinct No. 6—Peeks Hill.
Wm Gray { Inspectors.
H. F. Montgomery
Wm Kennedy

Jackson Dickey, Returning officer.
G. W. Landers { Inspectors.
J. F. Ford

Precinct No. 7—Hollingsworth's School House.
J. D. McCormick { Inspectors.
W. D. Atkins, Returning officer

Precinct No. 8—Hickory Grove school house.
S. B. White { Inspectors.
Jason Scott

Carter Brown { Inspectors.
H. H. McMath, Returning officer

Precinct No. 9—Cross Plains.
John Ferguson { Inspectors.
A. M. Stewart

Elay Keith, Returning officer.
Precinct No. 10—Cross Roads.
S. S. Love { Inspectors.
Wm Whiteside

J. C. Watson { Inspectors.
Henry Murray, Returning officer

Precinct No. 11—White Plains.
A. T. Martin { Inspectors.
J. P. Ward

D. S. Black { Inspectors.
J. S. Banks, Returning officer

Precinct No. 12—Cora Grove.
J. Y. Young { Inspectors.
W. E. Bowles

Pink Bush, Returning officer.
Precinct No. 13—Oxford.
Henry T. Snow { Inspectors.
John P. Smith

D. D. Brainerd, Returning officer.

Precinct No. 14—Salter Springs.
W. G. Martin { Inspectors.
W. J. Love

Milton H. Jefferson, Returning officer.

Precinct No. 15—Anthon.
W. A. McMillin { Inspectors.
H. W. Sibley

Henry Jeffries { Inspectors.
R. M. Hunter, Returning officer

Precinct No. 16—Ladiga.
J. B. Graham { Inspectors.
J. P. Whitlock

J. G. W. Stewart, Returning officer.
W. A. Stewart, Returning officer

B. Z. Goodlett, Sheriff.
L. W. Cannon, Judge of Probate.
G. B. Douthit, Clerk.

Sept. 20th, 1878.

W. F. N. Yes, pure sewing machine oil—the best that is made—for sale. Orders by mail for oil or needles promptly filled. 25 ct. needles 50 ct. per dozen. J. P. TINNEY.

I hereby appoint the above named Retiring Officers Special Deputy Sheriffs for their respective Precincts, which districts shall be to maintain good order and allow no encroachment upon the election boxes, except within thirty feet of the election boxes, except when voting.

B. Z. GOODLETT, Sheriff.

Sept. 20, 1878—*ad.*

PRESCRIPTION FREE!

For the benefit of the poor, we will prescribe free all prescriptions, bearing only the name of the physician or druggist. Any prescription for a new road, unless it is paid for in advance.

MR. GRANT:

The size of my snuff box is his music box, which you sell is larger by three keys than that of the one the Oxford man made such a fuss about, some days ago. I did not kill him, but he came very near getting me, and was afterwards killed by another man who sent me the rattle, to show me what cause I had to be frightened, when his snuffbox with his death song, made such "music in the air."

He was killed in Bolivar county Miss., where corn and cotton grow large well as rattle snakes and bears.

—Bid your Oxford man "cut and come again." W. C. B.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

Will be at Jacksonville Wednesday and Thursday, 9th & 10th, of Oct., to pay teachers.

Let every teacher be ready by that time.

Remember that warrants will be paid only when trustees specify the amount due teachers.

If you let the time pass, without bringing up the proper warrant, you will never get your money.

G. B. RUSSEL,

Liver is King.

The Liver is the imperial organ of the whole human system, as it controls the life, health, and happiness of man. When it is disturbed in its proper action, all kinds of ailments are the natural result. The digestion of food, the movements of the heart and blood, the action of the brain and nervous system, are all immediately connected with the workings of the Liver. It has been successfully proved that Green's August Flower is unequalled in curing all persons afflicted with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint, and all the numerous symptoms that result from an unhealthy condition of the Liver and stomach. Sample bottle to try, 10 cents. Positively sold in all towns on the Western Continent. These doses will prove that it is just, what you want.

For sale by W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville.

Mr. K.—

We will place the description of the farm for sale, in our Real Estate column next week. Meantime, it is booked, and will be shown to all who are enquiring after land.

The negro man who killed the colored bride in the Talladega court yard near a year ago, has been sentenced to death.

Maj. H. F. Verison has laid on our table, a Blount county apple that weighs 14 ounces.

As we go to press the examination exercises of Calhoun College, are progressing. The examination so far, reveals great proficiency in their studies on the part of pupils, and rapid advancement. The united sentiment of patrons is one of unmixed satisfaction. The school is growing in popularity every year, and we may look for even a larger attendance next session than this.

We received a pleasant call from Mr. Israel Putman, of Mobile, last week.

He is now representing the Columbus, Miss., Fire Insurance company. He appointed Mr. Swan, agent, at this place.

Mr. P. is a gentleman of most agreeable address, and makes a favorable impression upon all with whom he comes in contact.

SILPHIUM SPRINGS.—Weddings are plentiful here. On the 1st inst., the rites of matrimony was solemnized between Mr. James Shaddox and Miss Bezzara Dillard, by W. C. Martin, of All Calhoun county, and of this community.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's mother, Sept. 20th, Miss Laura Ingram, to Mr. B. T. Phillips, by W. C. Martin, infant at Henderson Phillips.

MARRIED.—On the 23rd, at the residence of Mr. H. Phillips, Mr. John H. Honeycut, to Miss Vian Dillard, by W. C. Martin, All of Calhoun county, and of this community.

The Association commenced at Sulphur Springs Sept. 13th, and lasted until the 16th, and the protracted meeting broke up to-day. A goodly number attended the meeting. They baptised this morning. Twenty joined.

May the meeting hold till they gather all the sinners in this community.

DIED.—We regret to announce the death of Miss Libbie Ingram, daughter of Mr. John Ingram; who died not long since.—Whose funeral was preached by Rev. T. P. Gwin, on the 23rd of Sept., 1878.

The last hours of Miss Ingram was calm and peaceful; and in harmony with life devoted to duty toward her parents, and regulated by Christian principles. She had enlisted in a Sabbath school of which we were a member; and in memory of the dear departed, the school students were requested to march from the school room to the church on the day of the funeral, which they did quietly singing the beautiful song, "I want to live with Jesus." Many friends unite with them in their grief, and extend their sympathy in their loss. Let us hope that the Christian seeds which she instilled in the early minds of the Sabbath school continue to grow, and that the tree thereof may bring forth fruit in hundred fold, for the dear departed is not dead, but sleeps the sleep of a peaceful and never ceasing bliss. May her memory long live, is the prayer of your unworthy servant.

J. T. H.

ALEXANDRIA.—The Soul Sleeping preacher, who was to preach at the Christian Church last Saturday night, failed to appear; I guess he was too sleepy.

Rev. Mr. Turner, a Christian Minister from Mo., preached an eloquent sermon last Sunday evening, at Martin's Chapel. He entertained his audience for two hours.

He is of Irish descent, and a gentleman of towering intellect, and a master of several languages. The people were well pleased with his discourse.

Mr. E. McClellan is having his dwelling renovated and repainted by Mr. Hunter, which adds very much to its looks.

Dave Weaver says his engine is down with the yellow fever—quarantine at Chattanooga.

Some sickness in the valley at present; Mr. James McAuley is very sick.

Our town was disturbed Thursday night by the alarm of fire. There was quite a rush for the scene of conflagration, and both the Banner County Hose company, and the colored hook and ladder company turned out. The alarm proved to be a false one, and originated from some burning bush in the street.

We cannot publish the notice, that application will be made to next Commissioners' court for a new road, unless it is paid for in advance.

LOCAL MATTERS.

ED. G. CALDWELL,

(At the old Forney Corner.)

It is on hand the best brands of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCOES, including the popular Swanson's Pride, and the celebrated Durkum Smoking Tobacco's. He has the largest stock of CHAIRS in Town. Among his brands you will find the Solace, Margarita, Tony, Standard and the favorite Tidy Wave.

Chocolate, Wine, Imported Chow Chow, Boston Baked Beans, Salmon & Cann'd Goods in great variety at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Coffee, Sugar, Flour, Meal, Meat, Potatoes, Macaroni, Macaroni & Cheese at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Cheap Groceries for Cash at the old Forney Corner.

Fresh Lard at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Fresh Meat at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy anything in the GROCERY line CHEAP for CASH at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Plows of the Towers patent at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

A splendid lot of new Tin ware at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Finest article of kerosene oil at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

You can buy TEN pounds of RICE for \$1.00 at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

You can buy 10 pounds of SUGAR for \$1.00 at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Salt at manufacturers prices at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

You can buy 5 pounds of good COFFEE for ONE DOLLAR at ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

ARE YOU GOING TO TRAVEL?

Go to A. MEYERS & CO., Chow's Brick corner, and get your traps, Valises and complete outfit. Also, you can get fine Boots at \$1.50 up. Linen, Buttons, Shirts, 65 cents; besides the finest assortment in Baltimore. Shoes, Corsets, Kid Gloves, Chenille Shawls, Ladies' Silk Tops, and new Styles of Beach Ware, Come and examine A. MEYERS & CO.'s CHEAP CASE STORE.

WONDERFUL!

You ought to take a peep at A. MEYERS & CO.'s large Stock of Dry Goods; and for eating Goods, Jam, Jellies, Jam, Pickles, etc., and all kinds of Fancy articles and you will be left in a frame of intense wonderment. The quantity of their Goods, quality, beauty, Style and cheapness would astonish you. The question is often asked: How can A. MEYERS & CO. bring such a fine Stock of Goods from NEW YORK, and sell them for so little money in Jacksonville? The question is fully answered, when it is known they buy with so much care and judgment, and in such "large quantities." We can recommend the public to this Store for Good Goods, and Cheap Goods. The Firm has most excellent, and accommodating Clerks, and it is with great pleasure, they can avail who patronize their Mammoth Emporium.

Wanted By

W. P. & ED. L. PARKER.

Four Hogs, weighing about 83 to 100 pounds gross, Barrows preferred, but sows will answer—will pay trial or cash for hogs. Apply at once at our store.

WANTED,

One good MILCH COW, for which we will pay cash, provided she has a young calf and milk well.

The PAPERS offer for sale a first class line of **FAMILY GROCERIES** too numerous to advertise.

We have for sale a large stock of GLASS WARE.

Look in and see our new and large assortment of TIN-WARE.

The PAPERS have CANDY & KISSES for the girls, and nuts for the boys. We have Jugs for the Gents, and Jars for the Ladies. A

AGRICULTURE.

GREEN MANURING.—Many persons have an idea that it is necessary to burn plants in order to procure potash. They also think vegetable matter must pass through the digestive organs of animals in order to be of value as manure. The truth is, fire does nothing toward the production of potash, any more than burning coal. It merely destroys the vegetable, leaving the mineral substance free. No kind of vegetable matter is as valuable for manure after it has passed through an animal as it was before. In truth the most valuable substance it contained went, while in the animal, to repair wastes in the body, to build up new tissues, or to form like the inferior portions of food, impossible to them. Plants were voided as dung. The coarse portions of the food that were voided were probably benefited by passing through the digestive organs of the animal, as they were softened and put in a condition to be more readily digested. The most rational method of increasing the fertility of soil is to plant under the crops that grow upon it. There is no use in there being no gain of fertilizing matter by this practice, since nothing is returned to the soil except what came from it. Such, however, is not the case. Plants do not exist on surface soil alone. A large portion of the bulk and weight of plants is derived from the air. Another portion comes from the earth below with the roots. **Lime.**—Lime and potash are obtained in this way, while carbon and nitrogen are taken up from the air. The leaves of plants are the great feeders, and they draw nothing from the soil. The roots that enter the subsoil, and those of many plants do, take nothing from the soil that stimulates the growth of the maturity of the plant. By burning plants that obtained their growth chiefly from the air and sub-soil, the fertility of land may be very greatly increased. By the use of different plants it is difficult to determine how abundantly soil may be made to produce.

THE ORCHARD IN SMALL GRAIN.—It is not unfrequently happens that wheat or oats are sown in the orchard. This, of course, is the way of saving seed, yet from some cause or other, good, sufficient or otherwise, is nevertheless done. The stubble, after the grain is cut, should the weather be dry and warm, is capable of reflecting the heat to such an extent as to endanger the lives of the trees, especially if they be young. To avoid such a condition the stubble should be plowed as soon as possible after the grain is harvested. By so doing the risk of injury from reflection of heat is not only removed, but the soil is in better condition to retain moisture, thereby causing the trees to grow. Young orchards should never be sown in small grain. Older ones are sometimes sown in oats and pastured down by the hogs without injurious effects. Clover, however, answers a better purpose, and is more profitable even as a food for swine.

LIKE BEAUTIFUL JEWELS IN BRASSETT.—These are handsome features upon a set marred by signs of blood poisoning. The great purifier of the blood is Dr. Bell's Blood Mixture.

THOUSANDS OF BARRELS OF "terra alba," or white earth, are every year mixed in with sand, oil, resin, gypsum, and other white substances, to use tools to produce gravel, kidney complaints, and various diseases of the stomach. A large part of our cream of tartar used in cooking contains fifty per cent. or more of "terra alba." It is also used extensively in confectionery; various other poisons are used in coloring confectionery. Many new grinding mills are introduced. It is stated that they grind at some of these mills three grades—soda grade, sugar grade, and flour grade. We think it would be a paying investment for the Grangers of each State to employ a competent chemist to detect and publish adulterations, and then withdraw all patronage from those who manufacture or sell such articles. We think there is a much need of organizations in all our States to enforce laws for the protection of public health, as there is for organizations to catch and punish horse thieves.

The horse that walks ought to be the horse for which our agricultural societies offer their best premium. Why the horse that trots should be looked for and his coming welcomed on an occasion when farmers are supposed to be enabled to encourage each other in those things most promotive of successful agriculture is past, finding out. Of what advantage is a horse that trots in 2.30 for daily labor? The physique that fits him for making such time is almost sure to fit him for drawing a plough, or for the cart. Sometimes the horse or all work men die on the race track, but if he can be induced to be more on the track than on the farm, and his owner, too, for that matter. It is the compactly built, active horse—the horse which is technically said to have good nerve and that has been trained to walk rapidly and pull a good load after him, that the farmer needs.

A Pathetic Tale.

Five bodies lay on the sands of Knott End, on the English coast, a fortnight ago, and a child's face and curls where hidden somewhere under the waves when a bystander told what had happened. "We're crossing to Sunderland on the Lune," he said, "and I had charge of the sails. All went well for about two miles and the boat had not taken a drop of water. We were just lighting our pipes when a mighty sea came, such as I have never seen in my life before, and it swamped the boat. I got hold of an oar and a mast to hold myself up. The rest all seemed to go from the boat except my sister Harriet who threw her arms around my neck. She said, 'Oh, brother, don't cast me off!' I said, 'I never will.' She held on for some little time, and kissed me and said her prayers; but in time we became exhausted, and then she let go her hold and sank. I could not recover her and I could not strike out or swim to the shore while she held me by the neck. We were quite twenty minutes on the mast, and about a mile from the shore. No one came to our rescue. I saw the others sink very shortly after the boat was swamped. My brother and Cowell were both good swimmers. I saw my little boy, six years old, floating on his back, and I think he must have gone out to sea. After my sister had let go I swam ashore."

A GROUP OF STATE OF THE MIND.—A dull headache, a want of energy, a disposition to magnify every evil, a sense of weariness, and a disinclination to motion, are some of the symptoms which are characteristic of the D. Jayne's Billious System. Speedy relief from so miserable a condition can be obtained by resorting at once to Dr. D. Jayne's Sanguine Pills.

SCIENTIFIC.

Lighting and Extinguishing Gas by Electricity.—By means of the system the lamp to be operated upon are connected together by an insulated wire, so that electric impulses sent from one point or station will operate simultaneously on every lamp in the circuit, through the instrumentality of an apparatus with which every lamp is provided, so as to turn the gas on or off independently of any other lamp in the same light. The lamp apparatus consists chiefly of a small induction coil, which produces the spark for lighting the gas at the burner, and the soft iron core of this coil supplies, in conjunction with a permanent magnet, the necessary force for opening and closing a valve of peculiar construction, which forms a special feature of the invention. The action of the apparatus is the construction of the apparatus by the aid of diagrams, and the general working of the system, and gave an estimate of the cost of applying it, and of the saving that it was expected would result from its use. Taking a district of 3000 lamps placed 45 yards apart he estimated, the first cost of the system with overhead wires at \$8,150, and the cost of the system with underground wires at \$2,600. The cost of working was placed at 4¢, per lamp per annum, for cleaning, lighting and extinguishing, equal to 2600 per annum. The cost of working on the ordinary system, as per estimates supplied by the gas companies, was stated to be 18¢, per lamp per annum, or equal to £2,700, per annum. The saving by the new system over the old Fox's electric system, in working expense, in gas saved, mowing and evening, by the simultaneous lighting and extinction, including interest at 3 per cent., was placed at £3,117.9s. 6d. Mr. Fox then showed that by an outlay of £4,880 15s., by the overhead system, or about £7,493 9s. by the underground system, there would be a saving of £2,128 15s. to be effected. By taking into account the interest upon the outlay at 7 per cent., a net annual saving of £2,275 7s. 6d. for the overhead system, or of £2,592 10s. for the underground system, would be the result.

DR. PINEL.—The Parisian enthusiast who is always in attendance whenever there is an execution, to endeavoring to solve the problem whether death by guillotining is painless and instantaneous, had the good fortune to be passing by the Arc de Triomphe when the last suicide hurried himself from its summit, and instantly examined the victim. Both arms and legs broken, he was found to be a rather stout-bone and spinal column, and the skull was smashed. The face had an appearance of stupor, the eye was fixed, the pupil dilated, the cornea very transparent and the look was "astonished and uneasy, indicating the last vestiges of an intelligence about to be extinguished." There can be no doubt concerning this in the case, though the skin was discolored, and though the body may be frightfully mutilated in many parts by the shock, the brain retains knowledge and horror of the agony of death. "The more we study with care the latest moments of life," says the excellent doctor, "the more difficult does the solution of the problem of instantaneous death become. The Arc de Triomphe is not satisfactory.

An Antidote.—Professor Marsh in his communication to the last number of the American Journal of Science and Arts, thus describes what he states to be the largest animal yet found or known to have existed on the globe. The animal is the whale shark, and the dimensions of this monster creature the Professor gives as follows: "The thick bone of this creature is over eight feet long, (3,500 mm.), with a thickness at the larger end of twenty-four inches, though the bone has no true head. A comparison of this bone with the femur of a crocodile would indicate the former's length. If of the proportion of one to four, the animal would be about 100 feet long; but I think the pudding is more delicate without eggs, and nicer looking with the fruit in one layer. Jelly, canned peaches, or quick cooking apples stoned may be substituted for berries. Sugar and cream I think the nicest for puddings, but a good plain sauce may be made from 1/2 cupful of flour, 1/2 cupful of milk, 1/2 cupful of sugar, 1/2 cupful of lemon or orange essence; water to make the consistency preferred. Cook a few minutes, stirring constantly.

To Clean Coat Collars.—Take two ounces of soap, one ounce of oil, one ounce each of spirits of camphor and transparent soap. Put all together in a large bottle, cover with one quart of soft water, and when well mixed and dissolved it is ready for use. Spread the coat on a clean table, take an old nail brush, or one of the small scrubbing brushes used as toys, dip it in the mixture, and scrub the dirty parts thoroughly. Apply plenty of soap, then when they take clean water, wash and go over it again. Hang out till partly dry, and press with a heavy iron on the wrong side.

ROCK CREAM.—Boil a teacupful of good rice in sweet milk till soft, sweetened with powdered sugar and a little honey. Turn it out on a square piece of currant jelly or any kind of preserved fruits; beat to a stiff froth the whites of four or five eggs and a little powdered sugar, flavored to suit the taste; then drop it over the rice, giving it the appearance of snow. A wholesome dessert for children.

CENTENNIAL MEAD.—Mix one quart of boiling water, one and a quarter pounds brown sugar, two ounces of citric acid, and one-half pint of molasses. When cool add one-half ounce of any flavoring extract. Two fingers of this syrup in a glass of ice water makes a refreshing summer drink. Serve each glass with one-quarter teaspoonful of bicarbonate of soda.

NUMEROUS foreign governments, as Russia, Cuba, Siam, Japan, &c., etc., have adopted the Fairbanks Standard for weights and measures. In the last four years only, our own government, in the Post Office Department, the War Department and Treasury Department, have bought over 11,000 of them.

TEA ICE CREAM.—Pour over four tea-spoons of old Hyson tea a pint of cream; scald in a custard kettle, or by placing the dish containing the cream in a kettle of boiling water; strain into a pint of cold cream; scald again, and when hot mix with it four eggs, and two-thirds of a pound of sugar, well beaten together; let it cool and freeze.

SASSAFRAS TEA AS A BLOOD-PURIFIER.—Sassafra tea is a good diuretic, a gentle stimulant, and a grateful beverage, acting on the secretions and removing impurities from the system. It is the safest and the best of all blood-purifiers, except water, exercise and pure air.

Waltzing Sixteen Hours.—Prof. Cartier, of New York, recently waltzed sixteen hours without stopping, afeat greater by two hours than anything of the kind before attempted. To make his task more difficult, he announced that he would dance only with women. This was a piece of self-sacrifice on his part, as people who attempt to waltz for many hours together are accustomed to rest themselves by having a strong man to carry them around. He began at 9 o'clock in the morning, his partner being Miss Sadie Leopoldi, his sister-in-law, who danced with him for four hours. At 1 o'clock Mrs. Cartier took Miss Leopoldi's place and danced with the Professor for two hours. Prof. Cartier showed very good judgment in choosing partners, all of them being pretty and also good dancers. In the evening Miss Yetman, a young woman from Newark, danced with him. Before she began she said that she would dance one hour, and she did, although toward the last she was somewhat tired. Prof. Cartier danced on a part of the floor in front of the platform, separated from the rest of the hall by a row of benches. Outside of this space the floor was crowded with dancers. Up to the end the Professor seemed to be fresh, and during the last half hour was especially so.

The Use of Whiskers to a Cat.—The sense which of all others is most deficient in the cat is that of smell. In this she differs most markedly from the dog. It is said that a piece of meat may be placed in close proximity to a cat, but that, if it is kept covered up, she will fail to distinguish it. This want, however, partly compensated for by an extremely delicate sense of touch, which is possessed to a remarkable extent, by the whiskers, or vibrissae, as well as by the general surface of the skin. These bristles are possessed to a greater or less extent by all cats, and are simply developed hairs, having enormously swollen roots, covered with a layer of muscular fibers, with which delicate nerves are connected. By means of these latter, the slightest touch on the extremity of the whiskers is instantly transmitted to the brain. These organs are of the greatest possible value to the cat in its nocturnal campaigns. When it is deprived of the guidance afforded by light it makes its way by the sense of touch, the fine whiskers touching against every object the cat passes, and thus acting in precisely the same manner as a blind man's stick, though with infinitely greater sensibility. Imagine a blind man with not one stick but a couple of dozen of exquisite fineness, and those not held in his hand, but imbedded in his skin, so that his nerves come in direct contact with them instead of having a layer of skin between, and some motion may be formed of the way in which a cat uses its whiskers.

DOMESTIC.

Cook Water.—Ice is a luxury now which can only be indulged in by the wealthy. In the country it is very inconvenient as well as expensive to keep in stock together by an insulated wire, so that electric impulses sent from one point or station will operate simultaneously on every lamp in the circuit, through the instrumentality of an apparatus with which every lamp is provided, so as to turn the gas on or off independently of any other lamp in the same light. The lamp apparatus consists chiefly of a small induction coil, which produces the spark for lighting the gas at the burner, and the soft iron core of this coil supplies, in conjunction with a permanent magnet, the necessary force for opening and closing a valve of peculiar construction, which forms a special feature of the invention. The action of the apparatus is the construction of the apparatus by the aid of diagrams, and the general working of the system, and gave an estimate of the cost of applying it, and of the saving that it was expected would result from its use. Taking a district of 3000 lamps placed 45 yards apart he estimated, the first cost of the system with overhead wires at \$8,150, and the cost of the system with underground wires at \$2,600. The cost of working was placed at 4¢, per lamp per annum, for cleaning, lighting and extinguishing, equal to 2600 per annum. The cost of working on the ordinary system, as per estimates supplied by the gas companies, was stated to be 18¢, per lamp per annum, or equal to £2,700, per annum. The saving by the new system over the old Fox's electric system, in working expense, in gas saved, mowing and evening, by the simultaneous lighting and extinction, including interest at 3 per cent., was placed at £3,117.9s. 6d. Mr. Fox then showed that by an outlay of £4,880 15s., by the overhead system, or about £7,493 9s. by the underground system, there would be a saving of £2,128 15s. to be effected. By taking into account the interest upon the outlay at 7 per cent., a net annual saving of £2,275 7s. 6d. for the overhead system, or of £2,592 10s. for the underground system, would be the result.

BERRY PUDDINGS.—One pint of sifted flour, two tea-spoons of baking powder, two table-spoonsful of butter, enough milk to make the dough too soft, a few eggs, and a pinch of nutmeg.

AN INTERRUPTION SIMPLY.—Recently a commotion was observed in a farmer's wagon on Woodward avenue, near Davenport street, and a citizen advanced to discover that the farmer and his wife were having a regular old-fashioned domestic fight in the bottom of the wagon, while the horses were eating grass.

CEASE FEUDS.—Dr. G. H. Radcliffe offers an opportunity to recompense your Celery and Chamomile Piles to our friends for Neuralgia and Sick and Nervous Headache. They act like a charm with Morton.

STATIONERY.—Manufactured by THE NATIONAL STATIONERY CO., 221 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

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Jacksonville Republican

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

VOLUME XLII.

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1878.

WHOLE NO. 2165.

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The Republican.

SATURDAY, Oct 12th, 1878.

FOR CONGRESS—7th DISTRICT

W. H. FORNEY.

It is with an almost breaking heart that we announce this week, the death of James F. Grant, the senior editor and founder of this paper, who died at his residence in Jacksonville, in full faith of a glorious immortality, the morning of the 10th inst.—Aged 69 years, 9 months and 10 days.

At a future time we shall try to print a fitting tribute to his memory.

DIED.—At his home near Jacksonville, after a lingering and painful illness, Mr. J. C. Wilson, one among the oldest settlers of the county. He was much respected for his honesty, and esteemed for his good qualities of head and heart.

At office this 10th day of Oct. 1878 Wm. M. HAMPS, Register.

Col. M. D. Graham, formerly Chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee, and a prominent lawyer of Montgomery, died Tuesday.

SAD ACCIDENT.—Saturday, while some small boys were out hunting, a gun was accidentally discharged in the hands of one of them, instantly killing Henry Morange, a lad about 8 years old.

Gen. Gideon C. Pillow is dead.

Constant attendance at the bedside of a sick father must be our excuse for the imperfections of the paper this week, as well as for the delay in getting it out to some of the post-offices of the country. But for a sense of obligation to our readers, we should not have issued the paper at all. God knows we have had little heart for work this week.

By reference to notice of G. B. Doubt, Esq., it will be seen there will be no Circuit Court here this Fall.

At last reports the yellow fever has reached Tuscaloosa and Florence, in North Alabama. It is still spreading through the country, and the suffering is fearful. This disease while it has some of the characteristics of yellow fever, is thought by some, not to be yellow fever, but a plague more malignant and deadly.

The yellow fever news from Decatur is very distressing. At one time the fever entirely subsided, and many of the refugees returned, when the fever broke out again with greater virulence than before. At last accounts there were forty-eight cases in the town.

Several cases of typhoid fever among the colored people in Jacksonville.

An English paper pays a glowing compliment to the heroic men and women of the South, who have, and are now facing the terrors of the plague from a sense of duty, and says it is no wonder was expected of the incomparable race of men who followed Lee and Johnston so splendidly through the late war.

Mexico is said to be in a perfect war fever against the people of the United States. A Presidential election is soon to occur in Mexico, and some of the candidates have doubtless been waving the bloody shirt.

A meeting of Board of Directors is requested to meet at the Fair Ground Monday Oct. 14th, 1878.

YELLOW FEVER.

CHATTANOOGA, Oct. 8.—Four deaths and 20 new cases reported, among the latter are Drs G. A. Baxier and E. M. Bard. The weather is unfavorable, but the disease is still in its quarter. A camp has been established on Bald Knob.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 8.—Four cases of fever are reported in Florence, Ala.

Twenty one deaths here in 24 hours ending at 6 to night, 12 in the suburbs.

Fever has appeared at Raleigh, Tenn.

DECATUR, Ala., Oct. 8.—About 40 sick with fever.

THEADEUX. Oct. 8.—Seven new cases and two deaths. It is spreading rapidly and fatally in the surrounding country.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 8.—Total cases 40, deaths 63, under treatment 176. The death rate is increasing. Six more to day, making 11 since Sunday. The physicians are worn out.

At LaGrange Town, two deaths and new cases.

CANTON, Oct. 8.—Nine new cases and nine deaths. The fever is spreading in the country.

PATTERSONVILLE, La., October, 8.—There is no abatement. The fever is gradually spreading and assuming a more malignant form. Among the whites there have been 75 cases and 20 deaths to date and 4 new cases to day.

THE OCTOBER ELECTIONS.

From the Montgomery Advertiser I

The material results of the elections last Wednesday are all with the Democrats. They gained three Congressmen in Ohio, and lost the State, only by the folly of some Greenback Democrats voting a separate ticket and letting their Radicals win on a hard money platform. No Legislature was elected.

In Indiana the Democrats elect a majority of the legislature, and thus secured the re-election of Dr. McRae to the U. S. Senate. They will then turn up the infamous gerrymander by which Radicals have so long controlled the Legislature. At least six Democrats are also sent to Congress, and perhaps seven, which is a certain gain of two, and probably gain of three.

In West Virginia, as usual, the Democrats made a clean sweep and elected all the Congressmen, three in number.

For the first time in 20 years the Radical delegation from Iowa is broken. The Democrats and Greenbacks united on him.

The Democratic gain in the next House so far, in the elections this year foot up an increased majority of Democrats in the next House of Representa-

CINCINNATI, Oct. 8.—Thos. Stewart and sister, and two old people living near Richmond, Ky., were shot by an unknown party Friday night. Stewart hearing a noise in the yard, went to ascertain the cause, when he was mortally wounded. His sister coming out too was shot and instantly killed.

WANTED TO BUY.

The undersigned wants to buy for a sum of \$1000 a place or premises with a house, land on it to employ five persons. Five hundred dollars will be paid cash; balance will be paid in one and two years.

J. L. W. GRANT.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

IN the matter of an application of Martha J. Bowling, asking appointment of trustee to remove trust property from the State of Georgia to this State.

Before the Register of Chancery at Jacksonville, Ala.

The Petitioner Martha J. Bowling having this day by her next friend Charles H. Bowling filed her application, asking for appointment of a trustee in the State to remove trust property from the State of Georgia, now in the hands of John F. Livingston, trustee of said trust property in said State of Georgia.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that Monday the 4th day of November 1878, be set for a hearing of said application, and that notice thereof be given by publication in the Jacksonville Republican, newspaper published in this Chancery District, in the town of Jacksonville, Ala., for three successive weeks.

At office this 10th day of Oct. 1878 Wm. M. HAMPS, Register.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order issued by the honorable, the Probate Court of Calhoun County, Alabama, the undersigned, as Executor of the last will and testament of J. J. Henderson, late of said county, deceased, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the following described lands:

The West of North East 4, East of North West S. 8, W. 12, N. 13, and a strip thirteen rods wide, lying South of the above described land, all in Section 7, Township 16, Range 6; and known as a part of the Border's Mill Tract—situated in Choctawhoo valley in said county.

TIME, PLACE OF SALE, AND TERMS.

Said lands will be sold at Harmony Church near said lands, on Monday the 25th day of November 1878

Purchasers will be required to pay one-third cash—one third in twelve months thereafter, and one-third in two years.

Notes bearing interest from date, with two approved securities, will be required for the unpaid purchase money.

W. F. JORDAN, Executor &

NOTICE.

On account of the sickness of Judge W. L. Whitlock, the Fall Term of the Circuit Court for Calhoun county will not be held.

Jurors, litigants and witnesses are hereby notified not to appear.

G. B. DOUTUIT, Clerk Circuit Court.

NOTICE.

It is ordered that the 29th day of October 1878 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON, Judge of Probate.

Oct. 5th—31st.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.]

CAHOOHAN COUNTY.]

Probate Court of said County.

Special Term, Sept. 30th 1878.

This day came Mary J. Read, Administratrix of the Estate of Elias Read deceased, and filed her Statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences, for a final settlement of her administration.

It is ordered by the court that the 5th day of November, 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which time all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON, Judge of Probate.

Oct. 5th—31st.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.]

CAHOOHAN COUNTY.]

Probate Court for said County.

Special Term, Sept 28th 1878.

This day came Wm. M. Patterson, the Administrator of the estate of Wm. Hogan deceased, and filed his statement, accounts, vouchers and evidences for a final settlement of his administration thereof.

It is ordered that the 29th day of October 1878 be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON, Judge of Probate.

Oct. 5th—31st.

NOTICE.

On or about the 25th of Feb 1859, Duplicate Land Warrant, No. 32642, was issued to Ellis Lott, for 129 acres, and said Duplicate warrant has been lost or destroyed, having been filed by me in the Register and Receiver's office at Columbus, Ga., on the 20th July 1861. And that I have made application to the Commissioner of the General Land office for the issue of a duplicate for said Deed.

On or about the 25th of Feb 1859, Duplicate Land Warrant, No. 32642, was issued to Ellis Lott, for 129 acres, and said Duplicate warrant has been lost or destroyed, having been filed by me in the Register and Receiver's office at Columbus, Ga., on the 20th July 1861. And that I have made application to the Commissioner of the General Land office for the issue of a duplicate for said Deed.

It is ordered that the 7th day of November, 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON, Judge of Probate.

Oct. 5th—31st.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.]

CAHOOHAN COUNTY.]

Probate Court for said County.

Special Term, Sept. 27th 1878.

This day came W. B. Green, Administrator of the Estate of J. S. Prater, deceased, and filed his petition in writing, under oath, praying for an Order of Sale of certain lands described therein and belonging to said estate of said deceased, for the purpose of distribution among the heirs at law of said deceased.

It is ordered that the 7th day of November, 1878, be appointed a day on which to make such settlement, at which all persons interested can appear and contest said settlement, if they think proper.

L. W. CANNON, Judge of Probate.

Oct. 5th—31st.

NOTICE.

STATE OF ALABAMA, CAHOOHAN COUNTY.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate court of said county, as administrator of the estate of S. Branton deceased, I will, on the 4th day of November 1878, rent at public outcry, the land belonging to said estate, for the year 1879, upon the premises at the office of the Probate Court for Cahoon County, for three successive weeks prior to said day.

JAMES KEMP, Kemp's Creek, Ala.

NOTICE.

STATE OF ALABAMA, CAHOOHAN COUNTY.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate court of said county, as administrator of the estate of S. Branton deceased, I will, on the 4th day of November 1878, rent at public outcry, the land belonging to said estate, for the year 1879, upon the premises at the office of the Probate Court for Cahoon County, for three successive weeks prior to said day.

J. B. BROUGHTON.

NOTICE.

MARSHAL'S TAX SALES.

On Monday the 4th day of November 1878, I will sell before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville, between the usual hours of sale, for cash, the following described property for tax of the year 1875 1876 1877 to wit:

One house and lot on Depot Street now occupied by Mrs Cobb, assessed to Wm. Anams.

Unpaid corporation tax \$11 00 Cost 2 00

One house and lot assessed to Thos. Harris Known as the Caroline Norriss estate.

Unpaid corporation tax \$7 50 Cost 2 00

TAXES, Note with approved security, and payable 12 months after date.

J. B. BROUGHTON.

NOTICE.

MARSHAL'S TAX SALES.

On Monday the 4th day of November 1878, I will sell before the court house door, in the town of Jacksonville, between the usual hours of sale, for cash, the following described property for tax of the year 1875 1876 1877 to wit:

One house and lot on Depot Street now occupied by Mrs Cobb, assessed to Wm. Anams.

Unpaid corporation tax \$7 50 Cost 2 00

One house and lot known as the old Hotel now occupied by her.

Unpaid corporation tax \$7 50 Cost 2 00

One house and lot on main street, assessed as the property of John H. Crawford, now occupied by him.

Unpaid corporation tax \$7 50 Cost 2 00

One house and lot on public square, assessed as the property of Mrs Anna Hocke, now occupied by her.

Unpaid corporation tax \$7 50 Cost 2 00

One house and lot known as the property of McNeille & Hill.

Unpaid corporation tax \$7 50 Cost 2 00

One house and lot assessed as the property of Mrs N. J. Kirnbrell, now occupying Alabama.

Unpaid corporation tax \$5 00 Cost 2 00

One house and lot assessed as the property of Alfred Grant, now occupying Alabama.

Unpaid corporation tax \$5 00 Cost 2 00

One house and lot assessed as the property of Wm. M. Haines, Jacksonville, Alabama, who will deposit the money with Rowan Dean & Co., of this place. If the raffle does not take place, Mr. Haines will refund the money to the purchaser of the ticket according to number.

Tickets will be numbered from 1 to 100 and sold according to number.

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Jacksonville

Republican

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

VOLUME XLII.

THE REPUBLICAN.

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY

J. F. & L. W. GRANT.

Terms of Subscription:

For one year in advance..... \$2.00
If not paid in advance..... 3.00

Terms of Advertising:

One square or 10 lines, or less, best in one column..... \$1.00
Each subsequent insertion..... 2.00

Over one square counted as two, etc.

Obituary notices..... 50

ANNOUNCEMENT OF CANDIDATES.

For County Offices..... \$5.00
For State Offices..... 10.00

Communications affecting the claims of candidates charged as advertisements.

Rates of Advertising:

One square or 10 lines, three months.....	\$ 5.00
One square six months.....	7.00
One square twelve months.....	10.00
One-half column six months.....	2.50
One-fourth column six months.....	2.00
One-fourth column twelve months.....	3.00
One-half column twelve months.....	5.00
One-half column six months.....	2.50
One-half column twelve months.....	3.00
One column three months.....	4.00
One column six months.....	6.00
One column twelve months.....	10.00

One column twelve months.....

The Republican.

SATURDAY, OCT 12th, 1878.

FOR CONGRESS—7th DISTRICT

W. H. FORNEY.

DIED.—At his home in Jacksonville, Thursday, Oct. 10th, 1878, Hon. Jas. F. Grant, aged 66 years, 9 months and 11 days.

He was born in Rockford, Surrey Co., North Carolina, Dec. 29th, and at the time of his death was aged 66 years, 9 months and 11 days. He came to Alabama early in the year 1834. In the following year he established the JACKSONVILLE REPUBLICAN, and at once entered upon that career of honor and usefulness which terminated only with his life. One of the pioneers of civilization in Alabama, he came while the Indian still inhabited her borders, and before the solitudes of her primitive forests resounded with the steps of the white man. With the progress and development of his adopted State, his reputation as an editor gradually extended, until he occupied a distinguished position among the journalists of Alabama.

With a mind bold, fearless and independent, a heart pure and incorruptible, and a life in beautiful consistency with the principles of religion so warmly professed and ardently advocated, his influence in Church and State was most powerful for good, and his example illustrious for imitation. His piety was modest, yet deep, sincere, fervent—While unostentatious in his demeanor, there was none of that negative insipidity of character which often destroys the vitality of intellect in its grasp after high possibilities. Bold in his opinions, perfectly inexorable in his conceptions of duty, patriotic in spirit and fearless in proclaiming the rights of the people, a more trenchant pen was never wielded in defense of country, and a more vigilant sentinel never stood upon the battlements of State to warn her citizens of encroachments upon their liberties.

All his physical and intellectual energies were devoted to the interests of his country, and during the dark days of Radicalism, no voice rang out a stronger denunciation of injustice and tyranny, no pen made a more withering exposure of the dishonesty and corruption of the party in power, or more ably and fearlessly battled for the rights and liberties of the people. In 1870 as a recognition of his valuable services, and as an eloquent testimonial of the confidence of the Democratic party in his pure and unbending integrity, he was overwhelming elected Treasurer of the State of Alabama. A more generous, sympathizing heart never palpitated in a human bosom. Keenly susceptible to the suffering of his fellow creatures, he was ever ready to assist the unfortunate, relieve the distressed, and pour the balm of Christian sympathy and consolation upon the wounded heart.

Many a poor boy taken by him from the humblest obscurity, and nurtured by his fatherly care and solicitude, as they stoop to drop a tear above the consecrated spot where repose the ashes of their earthly friend and benefactor, will with emotions too deep for utterance, turn memories page back to the years, when with tender hands he had the fountain of their future eminence.

The Father Grant of the Alabama press is no more, and in his death the Church which he loved so long and well, loses an exemplary member, the state of his adoption an honored and worthy son, and the society in which he moved, one whose life was adorned by the grandest virtues that ever illustrated the magnificence of human character.

W. *

For the Republican, J.

THE DYING CHRISTIAN.

WRITTEN ON HEARING OF THE DEATH OF JAS. F. GRANT, LATE SENIOR EDITOR OF THE REPUBLICAN, AND LONG KNOWN FOR HIS DISINTERESTED HUMANITY AND NOBLE CHRISTIAN CHARACTER.

The strength quits his arm, and his tired eyes are dim,

But his heart knows no unbalanced motion;

The angel of death has no terrors for him;

Nor disturbs his soul's peaceful devotion.

With no pangs of remorse to trouble his breast;

No regrets for the loss of what's mortal;

The servant of God sinks calmly to rest.—

His gaze bent on Heaven's bright portal.

Thus has he, who so long and so faithfully trod

These low paths of duty, tran late

To walk in the boundless city of God,

To the joys of angels etched.

Let us ever remember his last calm breath;

As we brush the dry leaves and dead flowers

From his grave, read the story of Life and Death:

And with kindness fill up the swift hours.

So that we may, this dark thorny pilgrimage past,

And the day-sun of life at late even

Gone down, gladly meet—to part not—at last.

In the bright, blissful regions of Heaven.

It is with deep sorrow that we announce the death of this good man and patriot at Jacksonville, on the 10th inst. He died at the ripe age of 66 years, 9 years of usefulness and honor. For many years he edited and published the *Republican*, and was senior editor of that paper when the *Advertiser* came. He was elected on the Democratic ticket to the office of Treasurer of Alabama, in 1871, and his unflinching honesty and devotion to the State, won him the name of "the truest friend of Treasury." His life was one of unselfish labor, his character pure and spotless. We tender our sympathies to the bereaved relatives, and the warmest feelings of our nature go out to the afflicted junior in this dark hour of sorrow. Say God comfort him. Those who have felt this suffering know its crushing weight.—*Advertiser*.

Wanted to Buy.
The undersigned wants to buy for a customer, a place of 200 or 250 acres, with enough land on it to employ five plows. Five hundred dollars will be paid cash; balance will be paid in one and two years.

L. W. GRANT.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA.]

CALHOUN COUNTY, J.

Letters of administration on the estate of Plaintiff young, deceased; having been granted to the undersigned on the 16th day of Sept. 1878, by the Probate Court of Calhoun county.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law; or that the same will be barred.

J. H. SAVAGE,

Adm'r.

OCT 5-3t.

ADM'R. RENTING OF LAND.

Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Calhoun county, Alabama, made on the 1st day of Oct., 1878, I

call upon the Administrator of Estate of Plaintiff, deceased, to lease his property in the State of Alabama, for the sum of \$100 per month, for the term of one year, to be paid in advance.

Notice is hereby given that all persons

having claims against said estate, will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law; or that the same will be barred.

J. H. SAVAGE,

Adm'r.

OCT 5-3t.

TERMS:—No two approved securities, due 1st of Oct., 1879.

JOHN M. PATTERSON.

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Adm'r.

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JOHN M. PATTERSON.

The Republican.

HON. JAMES F. GRANT.

We received intelligence last night that Hon. James F. Grant, died yesterday morning at six o'clock, at his home in Jacksonville. He had lived in Alabama for more than fifty years, and in all that time not one act of his life will fail to stand the test of the closest scrutiny. His life was devoted to journalism, and for a person equal to that of most people, he has been editing and publishing the *Jacksonville Republican*. All his utterances were on the side of justice and right, and all his efforts were to advance the interests of his State and country.

In 1870 he was nominated by the Democratic State Convention for Treasurer, and was elected at the ensuing November election. During his term of office, the same stern honesty and integrity that always marked his course of action, characterized his administration, and it can be truthfully said that Alabama never had a more devoted or faithful or correct official.

In his death the State has lost a true and devoted son. He had lived a long and useful life, and died regretted by all who ever knew him.

Montgomery Advertiser.

The Selma, Rome & Dalton Road has generously consented to charge only half fare rates to parties visiting the Fair at this point Oct. 20th, 31st and Nov. 1st. Tickets will be good for five days. We assure the management of the Road that their generosity in this regard is highly appreciated by our people.

Other kind notices of our friends of the press, have been received, and are appreciated. We shall publish them next week. We have little room this week, and have published those notices as they have come to us. Some of them touch a tender chord that will vibrate as long as life shall last.

The Talladega Reporter invites Calhoun to the Talladega Fair. If Talladega will call on us up here the 20th, we will return the call twelve days later.

Crook Bros. at Alexandria have just received a large and elegant stock of goods which they are selling extremely low. Coat's six cord spool cotton 60cts per doz at Crook Bros. Best Jeans from 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 30 cents per yard at Crook Bros. Mc's best hogshoes \$1.25 to \$1.50 at Crook Bros.

Best coffee 5lbs for \$1 at Crook Bros. Extra fine sugar, 10 lbs for \$1 at the store of Crook Bros.

Best Norton Iron Works Nails \$1 00 kg at Crook Bros.

New Bedsteads \$3.00 apiece at Crook Bros. Everything else corresponding low at Crook Bros. Give them a call.

A. M. Landers takes pleasure in informing his patrons and the public generally, that he has removed his Family Grocery and Bar to the Commodious store rooms, South-east corner of public square, known as the old Hudson store rooms.

People who come to the Fair cannot find a more pleasant place to lounge in than at

A. M. LANDERS'S.

When it comes to Seger's, for quality and cheapness, no house in town can compete with

A. M. LANDERS'S.

A. M. LANDERS is known extensively throughout the county as a fair dealer. He buys for cash and sells for cash, and this is the secret why he can give such great bargains.

Wants for 50 cents to \$1.25 per quart at the fine Bar of

A. M. LANDERS.

A. M. LANDERS keeps a full line of Family Groceries, Seger's pure whiskies, wines &c., and would respectfully solicit the custom of the public. He will guarantee satisfaction as to the quality and ice of his goods.

Tribute of Respect to the Memory of the Hon. Jas. F. Grant.

At a called communication of Hiram Lodge, No. 42, A. Y. M., the following proceedings were had and ordered to be entered upon record:

Whilst it has pleased the Grand Master of the Universe, in his inscrutable Providence, to call from the labors of earth to refreshment above, our much esteemed and worthy brother, JAMES F. GRANT, who departed this life on the 10th day of October, 1870, in his seventieth year, in the death of his brother, C. A. Grant, this Lodge has lost one of its most worthy, useful and efficient members—held in high esteem for his manly character and virtues—the State one of her poorest and truest sons—the Church to which he belonged one of its strongest pillars, and the community one whose example, in the private walks of life, is worthy of emulation, and whose place cannot soon be filled, therefore,

Resolved, That as a mark of respect and love to the memory of our deceased brother, the members of this Lodge use the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That the Lodge transmit a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased, as an expression of our fraternal sympathy and condolence in the hour of their deepest sorrow and bereavement.

W. M. HAMES, W. M.

W. H. DEAN, Sec.

We have been requested to announce that Gov. Cobb, Hon. Taul Bradford and Hon. John H. Caldwell have been invited to speak during the Fair.

The premiums for the Fair have been purchased; and are said to be very handsome as well as valuable.

Land Owners!

I have lately had applications from gentlemen to buy farms, within one, two and even three miles of Jacksonville, that they may be in reach of our excellent school.

Parties who own such property, would do well to consult me.

L. W. GRANT.

PRESCRIPTION FREE! For the speedy cure of all common Weakness, Last Manhood and all disorders brought on by Indolence. Dr. W. JACOBS & CO., No. 130 West Sixth Street, Cincinnati, O.

An Undeniable Truth.

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you,—your unreasonableness, pride and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual constipation, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, &c. Its sales now reach every town on the Western Continent and not a Druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cure. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you. For sale by W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, Ala.

Liver is King.

The Liver is the imperial organ of the whole human system, as it controls the life health and happiness of man. When it is disturbed in its proper action, all kinds of ailments are the natural result. The digestion of food, the movements of the heart and blood, the action of the brain and nervous system, are all immediately connected with the workings of the Liver. It has been successfully proved that Green's August Flower is unequalled in curing all persons affected with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint, and all the numerous symptoms that result from an unhealthy condition of the Liver and stomach. Sample bottles to try, 10 cents. Positively sold in all towns on the Western Continent. Three doses will prove that it is just what you want.

For sale by W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville.

ATHENS, GA., December 8, 1877.

A few nights since, I gave my son one dose of Worm Oil, and the next day he passed 16 large worms. At the same time I gave one dose to my little girl, four years old, and she passed 80 worms, from 15 inches long. W. F. Williams, For sale by Dr. W. M. NISBET, Jacksonville, July 6, '78—em.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THE STATE OF ALABAMA
CALHOUN COUNTY

Notice is hereby given that L. David Z. Cannon, as Sheriff of said County will cause to be opened and held at the several places of voting in the election precincts in said County, on Tuesday the first Monday in November, 1878, that being the 5th day of said month, an election for the purpose of electing a Representative in the Congress of the United States for the 4th Congressional District of the State of Alabama; and notice is hereby further given that the following named persons are appointed Inspectors of said election for the respective precincts in said County as hereinafter to wit:

Precinct No. 1—Jacksonville.
Wm H. Dean, J. M. Caldwell, T. R. Ward, R. F. Riley, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 2—Alexandria.
Hosea Dean, C. H. Bowling, J. D. McClellan, Ned Lee, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 3—Four mile spring.
M. W. Woodruff, Richard Bonds, James A. Douglas, J. B. Bonds, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 4—Gainesway's School House.
M. D. C. Spradley, T. J. Harrison, J. W. Anderson, E. J. Haynie, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 5—Volkville.
E. V. Weaver, S. P. Morris, J. P. Settill, P. R. Hess, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 6—Peck's Hill.
Wm Gray, H. F. Montgomery, Wm Kennedy, Jackson Dickie, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 7—Holdingsworth's School House.
G. W. Latson, J. F. Ford, J. D. McCormick, W. H. Atkins, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 8—Hickory Grove school house.
S. B. White, Jason Scott, Carter Bonner, W. H. McElrath, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 9—Cross Plains.
John F. Gandy, Leon Ferguson, A. M. Stewart, Chas. Keith, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 10—White Plains.
A. T. Martin, J. P. Ward, S. B. Black, Jas S. Banks, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 12—Cora Grove.
J. Y. Young, J. V. Phoebe, T. E. Bowles, Frank Rust, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 13—Baldwin.
Hong T. Sow, D. D. Draper, B. Farmer, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 14—Sulphur Springs.
W. C. Martin, W. J. Love, H. Jones, Milton H. Harrison, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 15—Aniston.
W. A. McMillion, H. W. Sols, Henry H. Hunter, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 16—Fadiga.
J. P. Graham, J. P. Whitlock, J. C. Wilson, W. A. Stewart, Returning Officer.

Precinct No. 17—Laudaga.
L. W. Cannon, G. B. Douthit, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 18—Talladega.
L. W. Cannon, G. B. Douthit, Clerk.

Precinct No. 19—Canton.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 20—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 21—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 22—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 23—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 24—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 25—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 26—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 27—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

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W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 30—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 31—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 32—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 33—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 34—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 35—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 36—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 37—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 38—Jacksonville.
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Precinct No. 39—Jacksonville.
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W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 45—Jacksonville.
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W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

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Precinct No. 49—Jacksonville.
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Precinct No. 50—Jacksonville.
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Precinct No. 72—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 73—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 74—Jacksonville.
W. P. Cooper, Sheriff.

Precinct No. 75—Jacksonville.
W.

Jacksonville

Republican

"THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS ETERNAL VIGILANCE."

VOLUME XLII.

THE REPUBLICAN.

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY

J. F. & L. W. CRANT.

Terms of Subscription:

For one year in advance..... \$2.00

If not paid in advance..... 3.00

Terms of Advertising:

one square of 10 lines or less, first in..... \$1.00

extra one square counted as two, etc..... 50

quarterlies charged at advertising rates.

Martings notices..... 50

ANNOUNCEMENT OF CANDIDATES.

for County Offices..... \$5.00

For State Offices..... 10.00

Communications affecting the claims of candidates charged as advertisements.

Terms of Advertising:

One square of 10 lines, three months..... \$5.00

One square six months..... 7.50

One square column three months..... 15.00

One-fourth column six months..... 20.00

One-fourth column twelve months..... 30.00

One-half column six months..... 35.00

One-half column twelve months..... 50.00

One column three months..... 60.00

One column twelve months..... 100.00

A. WOODS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Special attention given to the collection of debts, the getting up of pension and land warrant claims, the making out of homestead entries of lands, and the cession or old forfeited homestead entries of lands. Office in the southwest corner of the court-house, opposite the Circuit Clerk's office.

JNO. H. CALDWELL. WM. M. HAMES.
JNO. M. CALDWELL.

Caldwell, Hames & Caldwell,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

AND

SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

Will practice in all the courts of the 12th judicial circuit, and the supreme and federal courts of the state.

W. W. WOODWARD,

Attorney-at-Law

AND

Solicitor in Chancery,

formerly occupied by Gen. W. H. Forney,

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

TATE BRADFORD. H. L. STEVENSON.

BRADFORD & STEVENSON,

Attorneys-at-Law.

AND

Solicitors in Chancery.

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

M. J. TURNLEY,

ATTORNEY - A T - L A W.

AND

SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,

GADSDEN, ALA.

C. C. ELLIE. JOHN T. MARTIN.

ELLIS & MARTIN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

No. 7 Office Row, Jacksonville, Alabama.

Have associated in the practice of their profession, and will attend to all business referred to them, in the counties of the 12th judicial circuit, and adjoining counties in the supreme court of the State.

May 1st, 1878.

H. L. STEVENSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

J. D. ARNOLD,

SURGEON DENTIST

JACKSONVILLE, ALA.

All work executed in the most durable and
elegant manner. Charges very moderate.

JAYNE, JR.

JOB

PRINTING

FROM

SMALL CARDS

TO

MAMMOTH POSTERS

EXECUTED

Neatly,

Cheap,

AND

Promptly,

AT THE

REPUBLICAN OFFICE

JACKSONVILLE, ALABAMA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1878.

WHOLE NO. 2167.

THE WEB OF YEARS.

From out the loom of Time the years
Unroll a fabric of muses wear,
The woof of joy and warp of tears,
Are spun by moving hopes and fears,
And pressed by weighty rolling Care.

What meaneth unto each is given?

A span may gauge the greatest parts;
And yet the least from earth to heaven
Do reach, as in the quiet even
Prayers sent up from children's hearts.

The web too quickly for us all.

Is wove, while pass the shuttles fleet;
And when the threads have ceased to fall,
Death throws it o'er us as one pall,
Or round us as our winding sheet.

ANNUCATION OF CANDIDATES.

for County Offices..... \$5.00

For State Offices..... 10.00

communications affecting the claims of candidates charged as advertisements.

Rates of Advertising:

One square of 10 lines, three months..... \$5.00

One square six months..... 7.50

One square column three months..... 15.00

One-fourth column six months..... 20.00

One-fourth column twelve months..... 30.00

One-half column six months..... 35.00

One-half column twelve months..... 50.00

One column three months..... 60.00

One column twelve months..... 100.00

was wrung from his lips as he staggered and fell to the ground. For one moment his body was balanced upon the very verge of the precipice, then the loose earth crumbled beneath his weight and he fell down—down.

That report and wild cry of pain reached the ears of the young woman, and swiftly wheeling, Samantha Brown beheld a man fall backward, then roll over the back of the cliff. Her face grew white as she expected to see him meet a frightful death upon the jagged rocks nearly a hundred feet beneath, but she was spared this.

The falling body crashed into a mass of young vines, thirty feet below the embankment, and then settled down upon a slight, narrow projection—it could hardly be called a ledge—few feet below, and there remained stationary.

She urged her pony towards the foot of the cliff, with the wild purpose of breaking the unfortunate man's fall, but common sense quickly told her that such an idea was worse than folly, and she changed her course, lashing the pony fiercely and taking the shortest practicable course by which the top of the cliff could be gained.

Seth Thomas had not entirely lost his consciousness, even while falling swiftly down to what seemed certain death, and as he struck the clump of wild grape-vines, he instinctively grasped at them with his left hand; his right was completely disabled. But a single one of the tender shoots remained firm and unbroken; that only held him suspended above death, for the projection upon which he partially lay, though wide enough for a sure-footed person in an upright position, was too narrow to hold a recumbent body. Even should the vine hold firm, the end must soon come. He was bleeding profusely; he felt that he was growing fainter with each passing moment; five minutes more—then death!

As in a dream, he saw the pale, yet not terrified face of a woman above him—heard an anxious voice calling to him; he answered, what he never knew. But it was sufficient; Samantha saw that he was alive, and she believed she could save him.

Quickly removing the long and stout tail rope from the neck of her pony, she formed a noose and lowered it to the wounded man. The prospect of rescue cleared his brain and restored his cool senses. He saw that if he released his grasp upon the vine to pass the noose around his body, he would fall from his slight support, and so he told her, begging her to hasten to him.

All of this was bad enough for one raised as Seth Thomas had been, in the home atmosphere of which would have been as sweet a savor in the nostrils of the most austere of the Pilgrim Fathers; but worse was to come.

With one swift glance around her, the young amazon rapidly changed her position upon the mustang, for another, which is commonly regarded as sacred to masculine bipeds, Indian squaws and fair Mexicanas. Thus mounted, with sun-bonnet hanging over her shoulders, with hair broken from its fastenings, with eyes flashing, cheeks glowing, the young amazon put her mustang to top speed, one little broad hand to her mouth, out of which issued a musical but otherwise admirable imitation of the Cherokee warwhoop.

But that musical cry was a discordant scream to Seth Thomas. He saw none of the un-studied grace of that wild picture. He saw only a hoyden Amazon where he had hoped, but a backward glance is a necessity here.

Seth Thomas, a young New Englander, was making a horseback tour through the Western States, for the good of his health. Two weeks prior to this day he paused at a little farmhouse for a drink of water. It was handed him by a blushing maiden—a marvel of unconscious grace and beauty. Not a dozen words passed between them, but before Seth reached the little village, only two miles away, he knew that he had met his fate. But little sleep visited his eyelids that night. Those few words, so soft, so musical, rung through his brain like the chime of silver bells, and that one shy, upward glance of those large, brown, black eyes, now beamed down on him through the shades of night.

All of which goes to show that Seth Thomas was very hard stricken, indeed. Directly after an early breakfast, he shouldered his gun and sallied forth; after grouse, naturally following the only road with which he had any acquaintance. He had his reward, such as it was.

A dog barking; a loud bellowing; two voices united in merry laughter. He turned around the corner of a fence and behold—his new-found angel riding a pluming, kicking, half mad yearling steed!

That was but the beginning. Seth and Samantha often met, but some malicious spite seemed to have charge of these meetings, for, save at church, where she acted, sang and looked like an angel, Samantha was always doing something to shock the very refined taste of the modern Puritan. As often did he vow to leave the place and nevermore give thought to such a hoyden, but still he lingered on, his heart more deeply interested than he dare acknowledge.

As Samantha inaugurated her impudent circus down in the valley, he thumped his gun heavily against the ground, and uttered the petulant expression recorded above.

A loud report followed—it seemed as though his right arm was being torn off. A shrill scream of pain and terror

An African Belle.

Lieut. Cameron found one tribe in Africa where women were much more respected than is common in that country. This deference of the male sex had, however, the usual effect. The "respected" women became much more addicted to fashion than their less-favored sisters. One of the belles of this tribe is thus described by the traveller: "She is a merry sort of person, this Mrs. Pakwanywa," and really ladylike in her manners. It was great fun showing her a looking-glass. She had never seen one before, and was half afraid of it, and ashamed to show she was afraid. She is a very dressy body—double rows of cowries round her head, besides copper, iron and ivory stuck in her hair, and just above and in front of each ear a tassel of red and white beads.

A large necklace of shells was round her neck, and round her waist a string of opal-colored sago-mazzi, and a rope made of strings of a red-colored bead. Her front apron was of a leopard skin, and the rear one of colored grass-cloth, with its fringe string with beads, and cowries sewed on it in a pattern; bright iron rings were round her ankles, and copper and ivory bracelets on her arms. Her hair was shaved a little back from her forehead, and three lines each about a quarter of an inch wide, were painted below. The one nearest to the hair was red, the next black, and the next white; and to crown all, she was freshly-anointed with oil, and looked sleek and shiny. Her upper lip was perforated and a piece of stone inserted, until the lip protruded a couple of inches, giving a hideous expression to the face, and making her articulation quite indistinct.

Superb Collection of Arms.

The thirteenth room at the Exhibition in Paris is filled with a selection of Mr. Riggs' armor; there are about 500 pieces out of a collection of 7000. These it is the intention of Mr. Riggs to give to the Smithsonian Institute at Washington. On a pedestal in the middle of the room is a suit of armor for man and horse, belonging to the Grand Duke Marcus Antonius Colonna, Grand Constable of Naples. It was presented to him by Philip II. This suit came from the Soltykoff collection, and was originally gilt. Among a very fine collection of helmets is one covered with elaborate engraved ornament, with indications of gilding, and bears a monogram, Alvarez de Toledo. Another of the same style has the arms of Ferdinand, Grand Duke of Tyrol, afterwards Emperor of Germany. A fine sixteenth century helmet of historic interest is one belonging to Tremouille; it is a helmet of the Scotch bodyguard and a row of sabres from the twelfth to the fifteenth century; two brigandines, in fine preservatory, one green, belonging to Amadeus VI, date 1360, another red, made for Bartolomeo Colleone, are important. Among the two-handed swords we notice a very grand one, with the Austrian arms, and another of the fourteenth century which belonged to Malatesta, Lord of Rimini. Near this is a Scotch shield, sixteenth century, which belonged to Sir Walter Scott, and given by him to Prince Soltykoff. Among the historical swords are some that belonged to Henri III and IV of France; a state sword of noble design, with Leo X Pont Max III engraved on it; Toledo sword, with scabbard hilt, is seven in form, and several other blades of the same place, with open work, are of great beauty; with the swords may be mentioned a trophy of Langues de Bœuf, of Artaues. There is here one of those singular swords with a wheel-lock pistol on the blade, and two grand shields, bucklers of the body-guard of Henry VIII, with gnomes in the centre. Connected with Henry VIII is the jupon from his suit now in the tower; belonging to his rival, Francois I, is a powder horn. Among the shields there are three of great artistic importance, one from the design of Giulio Romano, another painting in grisaille of the sixteenth century; the third, of the same period, is embossed leather. A number of these pieces were brought from the Meyrick and Soltykoff collections. There are also a complete tilting and battle armor engraved; a pair of elaborate wheel-lock pistols, which belonged to Henri IV of France; the cross bow and quarrels of the Elector of Saxony and King of Poland, Augustus the Strong, and a pair of harness bossets in Limoges enamel. The chief importance of this gathering is its completeness from an historical point of view, but the majority of the objects are not less remarkable from an artistic point of view.

Watering the Desert.

While Joe Jefferson was playing Rip Van Winkle at Chicago last spring, he went to the theatre very much exhausted by a long day's fishing on the lake. When the curtain rose on the third act it disclosed the white-haired "Rip" still immersed in his twenty year's nap. Five, ten, twenty minutes passed, and still he did not awaken. The audience began to grow impatient and the prompter uneasy. The great actor doubtless knew what he was about, but this was carrying the "realistic" sort of thing entirely too far. The fact was that all the time Jefferson was really sleeping the sleep of the just, or rather of the fisherman who has sat eight hours in the sun without getting a single bite. Finally the gallery got to be uproarious, and one of the "goods" wanted to know if there was "going to be nineteen years more of this snooze business." Here Jefferson began to snore. This decided the prompter, who opened a small trap beneath the stage and began to prod "Rip" from behind. The much-travelled comedian began to fumble in his

The Republican

SATURDAY, OCT 26TH, 1878.
FOR CONGRESS—7th DISTRICT
W. H. FORNEY.

LEE
MONUMENTAL ASSOCIATION!

Col. W. P. Chilton, General Representative of Lee Monument Association of Alabama, will address the citizens of Calhoun county, on behalf of the Association, in the Baptist church, at Jacksonville, on Tuesday night, the 29th instant.

The object of Col. Chilton is to raise funds to aid in the patriotic enterprise of erecting a monument and an equestrian statue of the peerless, patriot soldier, Gen. Robert E. Lee, on the capitol grounds at Richmond.

In addition to the intrinsic merit of the cause which he represents, Col. C. has the reputation of being an eloquent speaker, and we feel sure that it will richly repay our citizens to turn out, or mass to hear him.

The ladies are especially invited to be present, as the Association relies much upon their co-operation in this labor of patriotic love.

Rev. Joel W. Whiting, a faithful servant of God, and zealous Methodist preacher at Beaufort, died of yellow fever three days ago.

Ed. Armstrong also died of yellow fever at Decatur, about the same time. Young Armstrong, formerly lived in Jacksonville, and before his death had lost a father and brother by the dreadful disease.

Rev. Father Marley, Catholic Priest who once served the Catholic church at this place, and who was beloved by all who knew him, died at Whistler, Ala., of yellow fever, recently.

We have been so crowded with local and legal advertisements the past three weeks, that we have not given the inside of the paper to much else. Next week several of these will come out, and we will devote more space to general topics.

DEATH OF JAMES F. GRANT.

James F. Grant, the senior editor and founder of the Jacksonville *Republican*, and father of L. W. Grant, founder of the *Times*, died at his home in Jacksonville last Thursday. He had lived in Alabama for more than fifty years, and was one of the most venerable and respected newspaper men in the State, having published the *Republican* for a period of nearly twenty years. He was a man of great energy and a noble and patriotic character. He was always found on the side of right, and his every effort was made to do his duty to his country. In 1870 he was elected Treasurer of the State on the Democratic ticket, and fulfilled the duties of his office with unwavering fidelity and honesty. In all his transactions as a public officer he proved himself a just, honest and upright public servant. In his death the press of the State loses one of its best members. Being one of the "fathers" of the profession, his loss will be sadly felt. Let the grief-stricken and other relatives of the deceased be assured that we will do everything that mounting for his health has demanded in his own household, but that the whole State mourns in grief at his departure. It is fitting that we state that he died in the full hope of a glorious immortality. His spirit has gone to his long rest, but his name remains to us, and it will live and grow fresh in the minds of the future generation as they strive to imitate the virtues set forth by his example.

Gratulation Times.

Mr. James F. Grant, the venerable senior editor of the Jacksonville *Republican*, and son of State Treasurer of Alabama, died the first inst., at his home in Jacksonville,—aged 66 years & 6 months, and 10 days.

Mr. Grant was the oldest editor in Alabama, and was held in the greatest respect by all his contemporaries, who knew and highly appreciated the sterling qualities of heart that made him a ornament of any community. He was one of two men to be State Treasurer, for which his incomparable integrity and probity held him in high regard. He was widely known, and in every part of the State are true and faithful friends to mourn the loss, they have sustained in his departure. In the fulness of his years, he put off mortality, and put on immortality, and from the care and labors of life, passed to an eternity of rest and happiness.—Salem Argus.

Hon. James F. Grant, the venerable editor of the Jacksonville *Republican*, and son of State Treasurer of Alabama, died at his residence in Jacksonville. Thursday the tenth inst., he was suddenly called by the members of the press throughout the State, was near his 67th year of age. In early portion of life, both public and private, he was as above reported, and his name will not be spot or stain. He was honored and beloved, and his death, although not unexpected, brings sorrow to many hearts outside of the family circle.—Alabama Herald.

The Hon. James F. Grant, one of the oldest editors in the State, died at his home in Jacksonville, Calhoun county, on the 10th inst. He was a native, a native of Kentucky, where he was born, he learned the "Art of Journalism." For over half a century he was engaged in journalism in this State, and was always a consistent Democrat. In 1870, he was elected State Treasurer on the Democratic ticket, and performed the duties of the office, during his term, with scrupulous fidelity. He went to rest full of years and honors, having attained his four score years. Requested in peace.—Limestone County News.

Hon. James F. Grant, of Jacksonville died last Thursday morning—aged 70. He was a useful and estimable man. He had been a politician for fifty years. We call him State Treasurer, and his hold of the offices of trust. He lived a man in every relation of life, and died in the full confidence of his people. He has gone among us his work being finished and his purpose accomplished.—Tallapoosa Mountain Home.

Hon. James F. Grant of Calhoun died at his home in Jacksonville Oct. 19, at an advanced age. He was for

years editor of the Jacksonville Republican, and was State Treasurer in 1870. Mr. Grant was a man of excellent sense, sterling integrity, and great moral worth, and we unite with all who know him in deplored the death of such a worthy citizen.—Hayneville Examiner.

HON. WM. H. FORNEY.

From the Shelby Sentinel.]

Gen. W. H. Forney, of Jacksonville, the Democratic standard bearer for this 7th Congressional District, according to appointment, addressed the citizens of this county at the Court House in this place, on last Monday, on the political issues of the day. A very good crowd assembled to hear him and listened to his speech throughout with marked attention. He reviewed the administration of national affairs by the Republican party, when in full possession of all departments of Government; and also gave their loss of the Lower House of Congress, and showed that the Republicans were, in the main, responsible for the hard times and otherills to which the country has been, and is still subjected. He showed that the whole legislation of the Republican party on the financial question, was in the interest of contraction and of the bond holder to the injury of the masses of the people, and that the Democratic party had labored, and was still laboring, earnestly to correct this evil, and have the affairs of Government administered in the interest of the whole people. He showed that the principles advocated by the Greenback party are with but few exceptions, the same as those of the Democratic party, and are easily understood, and is still advocated. The principal difference lies in this, that while the Republican party is as much in favor of paying off the bonded debt in Greenback currency as the Greenbackers are yet, it does not go to that extreme that would lead to an inflation of the volume of currency beyond what is necessary. For the demands of trade, as it believes will inevitably result if the policy of the Greenback party should prevail. He reviewed in brief the records of the Democratic and Republican parties to show by the votes of the members of these parties in Congress, the various financial measures proposed by the Greenback party, and particularly the fact that the Democratic members advocated and voted for the measures looking to the interest of the people in general, while the Republican absent without explanation adjourned, and for these directly in opposition—in the interest of the bond holder. He showed what the last Democratic House of Congress had accomplished, notwithstanding the odds it had to contend against; that it had remonstrated often, which the Republicans had heretofore deprived of its money value, and that it had carried to a considerable degree the enormous expenditure that under republican rule were sapping the life blood of the country. He recommended efforts to reduce the amount of paper currency in circulation, and to a point where it will be destroyed at Weavers Station without delay, arrangements have been made with Messrs. Leavenworth & Co. to receive the same.

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The Republican.

An Undeniable Truth

See notice of sale of valuable Real estate by H. J. Stevenson, Esq., Administrator &c. The property he offers is among the most desirable pieces of property in the county.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE

There will be a co-operation meeting of eight congregations of the Church of Christ held at Martin's Chapel, 2 miles from Alexandria, beginning on Friday before the 1st Lord's Day in November, and continuing over Sunday. Meeting will open at 10 a.m., and there will be two meetings held each day. Brethren and friends are requested to bring out their baskets filled with such refreshments as they may wish for dinner each day.

PROGRAMME.

1 Opening exercises by Ed W. Jackson, son of Cedar Creek, Ga.

2 Songs by the Pastor.

3 Address of welcome by the Pastor.

4 Bro. Ezra Martin will call the meeting to order, as Moderator pro tem.

R. H. Wheeler Clerk pro tem.

5 Reception of letters and enrollment of delegates.

6 Elect Moderator and Clerk by acclamation.

7 One hour for dinner.

Afternoon session—sermon and religious services.

SATURDAY'S SESSION.

1 Opening exercises by Ed J. M. Joiner, 2 address on Sunday Schools by Prof. W. Borden. Volunteer speeches on this subject.

3 Songs by the Pastor.

4 Address on the best method of evangelizing by Ed J. A. Perdue, State Evangelist of Ga.

5 One hour for dinner.

Afternoon session—sermon and religious worship.

6 Other speakers and subjects introduced as time permits.

7 JOHN'S DAY SESSION.

Devoted wholly to prayer, preaching and praise.

J. M. AMMONS, Evangelist.

We regret that the announcement that the Fair Management had reduced the entrance fee to 25 cents, was not put in last week. We wrote the item and put it on the "copy-book" but by some means, the compositor overlooked it, and the omission was not discovered until the paper was worked off.

FOR THE FAIR.

AT A. M. LANDERS' S.

Fresh Coffee in bags or bottles.

Rib Coffee, 5 lbs to the dollar.

Sugar, 10 lbs " "

Rice, 10 lbs " "

In fact, everything in the grocery line, for cash.

People who wind alcohol can find it at A. M. LANDERS' S.

A. M. LANDERS offers a premium of \$8 in money to the fair—\$1 for 1st best cast by his horse, and \$2 each for the two next best.

Plans \$3 25 to \$3 50 per 100 lbs feed chaff to the \$1 at A. M. LANDERS' S.

and people who want to trade with him will find him at the Market Square. He has no business at the Fair now.

Cook Bros. at Alexandria have just received a large and elegant stock of goods which they are selling extremely low. Come and spend cotton dollars at Cook Bros. Best jeans from 12 to 50 cents per yard at Cook Bros. McLean's best brogan shoes \$1 25 to \$1 50 at Cook Bros.

Best coffee bags \$1 at Cook Bros. Extra fine sugar 10 lbs for \$1 at the store of Cook Bros.

Best Norton Iron Works tools \$1 on bag at Cook Bros.

Nicest Bedsteads \$5 00 a piece at Cook Bros. Everything else correspondence w/ at Cook Bros. Give them a call.

Remember that the entrance fee to the Fair is only 25 cents.

Don't fail to go out and hear Mr. Chilton at the Baptist church the night of the 25th.

We print Programme of the Fair this week, and it will be on the grounds for the information of the people each day.

Don't fail to hear Mr. Chilton.

25 cents takes you into the Fair.

The Fair premiums are a show in themselves.

That wheel barrow race at the Fair will be rich.

This Fair will be the best ever held by a long shot.

Don't make your wife and children stay away from the Fair because you don't want to spend a few quarters. It only comes once a year.

Don't fail to bring the money to pay your subscription when you come to the Fair.

Mr. J. G. Powell shows us a sample of some very fine sorghum, made by him and Mr. Mark Lively this season. The sorghum crop is not as extensive this year as heretofore, but the syrup that is made is generally of a better sample.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned will, during the Fair, board horses at the stables, corner of College and Main Sts., Jacksonville, for 25 cents per feed or five feet for \$1. Good care taken of all stock entrusted to their charge. R. W. MEAHLERY, JOS. H. PRAYETTE.

IF YOU DON'T COME TO THE FAIR,

DOING THE FAIR,

BY YOUR WIFE, CHILDREN, OR MOTHER-IN-LAW.

LOCAL MATTERS.

ED. G. CALDWELL,

(At the old former Corner).

Has on hand the best brands of Cigar and Cigars, TOBACCOES, and

the popular Swanons, Drabs, and

the celebrated Durkum Smoking Tabacco.

He has the largest stock of CIGARS in town. Among his brands

you will find the Spanish, Marquesa, Royal Standard, and all Druggists keep it.

Relief at Last.

Chloro. Infusion and Stimulator.

Chloro. Powder.

Chloro. Balsam.

Cough, Sore Throat, Mouth, Nose, Etc.

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Chloro. Glycerine for Coughs.

Fresh Lamb.

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Fresh Meat.

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

You can buy anything in the

GROCERY line CHEAP for

CASH.

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Go buy one of those fine Pines of the

Towers patent at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

A splendid lot of new FINE VINES at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

Request article of kerosene oil at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

New lot of stone ware at E. G. CALDWELL'S.

You can buy TEN pounds of

RICE for \$1 00 at

E. G. CALDWELL'S.

You can buy 10 pounds of

SUGAR for \$1 00 at

E. G. CALDWELL'S.

Salt at reasonable prices at

ED. G. CALDWELL'S.

YOU can buy 10 pounds of good

COFFEE for \$1 00 at

E. G. CALDWELL'S.

ARE YOU GOING TO TRAVEL?

COME BY EDWARD'S.

Black leather, and leather trunks, leather and leather garments.

Also you can get fine hats, and

shoes, brought from Atlanta, Georgia.

Three doses will prove that it is just what you want.

For sale by W. M. Nisley, Jacksonville.

Liver is King.

The Liver is the principal organ of the

body, health and happiness of man.

When it is diseased in its proportion,

all kinds of ailments are the natural result.

The direction of food, the movements

of the heart, lungs, blood, the action

of the brain and nervous system, are all

immediately connected with the

function of the Liver.

If this liver wholly ceases to

work, the body will die.

Green's August Flower will cure you of

Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all

its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, bilious constipation, diarrhea, &c.

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AGRICULTURE.

FALL PLOWING.—Marked gardeners will have had more experience than business men become thoroughly convinced that fall plowing is a great help to them in the successful prosecution of their business. In this thing farmers might well take a lesson from them and serve their own interests by plowing their gardens in the fall. In gardening operations, whether for market or home, it is of great importance to have the soil very fine, the land is full of coarse clumps the germination of seed will be hindered, if not prevented, and the growing plants will not thrive as they would if the soil had been more thoroughly prepared. With some garden crops it is of great importance to have the seed in the ground very early. This is especially the case with oats and other cereals. No experience has proved that plowing in the fall is one of the most effective, as well as the quickest and easiest method of making the soil fine, and that land which was plowed in the fall can be worked earlier in the spring, and more easily during the season, than will be possible if the plowing is delayed. This has been tried and found to work so well as to merit acceptance as one of the principles of agricultural practice.

MAKING CREAM RISE IN TEN HOURS.—Edward Burnet, of Southgate, has a plan to make all the cream rise to rise from milk in ten hours, making a great saving of time, labor and vessels for holding milk. By his process the milk is put into deep pails, perhaps twenty inches deep by eight inches in diameter, and these are arranged in such a way that the lower part is exposed to the ordinary temperature of the dairy, while the top are covered by degrees, until the top are covered by a moveable ice-cher which keeps them exposed to cold air. Upon the well-known principle that heat rises and cold descends, the warm milk at the bottom of the pails is constantly rising toward the top, while that which has become cold descends, thus keeping up a constant circulation, which, it is claimed, so irritates the cream, that it is very glad to get up to the top and settle.

CURE FOR HALTER-BREAKING.—Put the horse into a common head-stall halter, take a piece-of-eight or half-inch rope about six inches or eighteen feet long, divide it into four divisions, put the rope under the tail as you would a crupper, and give it one or two twists, pass the end under the girth, sending an end each side of the horse's neck, and then through the nose piece of the head-stall once, on each side of the horse's mouth; if a bridle is used, put the rope through the stirrup-bright ring, and so on, as well as so on, leaving three feet play of the rope. Give him an invitation to go back, using his ordinary scree. The rope attacks his tail, hurts him suddenly and unexpectedly, and he at once comes forward. For this coming forward pet him. If these instructions are followed a few times, the horse being securely tied to the post—a permanent cure will be the result.

FEEDING PIGS SEPARATELY.—Stall feed your pigs. No farmer ever raised a litter of pigs without having one or more small ones, partly owing to the stronger ones denying the weaker members a fair chance at the trough and partly because the stronger ones draw back and affects the profits. To remedy the evil construct board partitions to divide the trough into spaces of one foot or more each, and running back, say two feet or more, forming stalls for the different members of the litter. By placing them in position several times when young, they will soon learn to do this, and the partition and will not trouble each other at feeding time, being satisfied that there is enough for all. The stalls, of course, will need enlarging with the growth of the pigs.

BABIES TO BE HIGHLY PRIZED TO PERMIT THEM TO SUFFER WITH COLIC.—When Dr. Bullock's Baby Syrup will at once relieve them. Price 25cts.

SALT IS VERY IMPORTANT FOR ANIMALS.—Large pieces of rock salt put into the manger and feeding troughs are recommended. One-half pound of animal blood consists of salt; without the latter the blood cannot be in a natural or healthy state.

PARSNIPS CONTAIN ALMOST TWICE AS MUCH DRY MATTER OR REAL FOOD AS TURNIPS, AND THIS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.—Carrots again, contain about as much dry substance as mangolds, but are richer in sugar and of better feeding quality.

Tame Ostriches.

These strange birds stalked at the head of the procession of domestic animals and appeared to be on the most excellent terms with all of them. Occasionally one would deviate to the right or left of the track to peck a mouthful of grass, but as soon as the drover would leave the road and shoot at it, it would immediately fall into its proper place and march forward with the utmost demure gravity, as if to be guilty of an infringement of rules was the last thing it would think of. Ostriches always have an intensely stupid look, but they are not nearly such fools as the uninitiated would take them for; and although the most timid creatures on the earth when in a state of nature, in captivity or when domesticated, they are bold and dangerous, more especially the males. Horse or rider indiscriminately they will attack, walking up to the object of their indignation with a quiet, measured stride, never evincing for a moment the slightest evidence of hostility—in fact, looking such fools that no one would imagine them capable of intimal ideas—when, with a quick movement, done with great strength and velocity, they raise their foot and strike forward, the edges of the toes being so sharp that they will cut your clothes the whole length of the stroke. As they are too valuable to be knocked on the head, perhaps you turn to run from them, but their speed is such that an attempt thus to elude them is useless. The only plan then to be pursued is to throw yourself down and lie still on your face or back. They cannot kick you in these positions, but they will jump on you and trample all over you. While this operation is going on you may give vent to your feelings and satisfy your self-esteem by bestowing upon them a few reminders that two can play at the same game.

ONE GOLD AFTER ANOTHER.—will, with many constitutions, successfully establish the seeds of consumption in the system. This is not of a recent origin. Dr. Jayne's Extract is always prompt, thorough and efficacious.

SCIENTIFIC.

Foreign Bodies in the Nose and Ears.—Dr. Mason, says that foreign bodies, such as berry stems, nut-beans, brass rings, slate pencils, screws, buttons, pieces of wood, peas, etc., are not unfrequently met with in the aural and nasal cavities of children, and even of adults. Such substances have been known to remain in one or other of these cavities for nearly a lifetime, causing little or no inconvenience. Thus, a case is related of a lady whose husband, a foreign boy, dislodged during the act of sneezing. It was found to be a button which had belonged to her brother when they were both infants. Another case is recorded in which a piece of pencil was removed from a woman's ear, which had been put there when she was a girl of four years old. And a third instance, in which a cherry stone was found in an ear for sixty years. A case is recorded of a gentleman, aged forty-one, from whose ear a piece of cedar wood was removed by syringing. The patient remembred distinctly the fact of its introduction when he was a boy at school, at least thirty years previous to the removal.

He had been a good scholar, and his mother had been a good nurse. His eyes had not troubled him until now. It occasionally happens, however, that a good deal of inflammatory action is set up by the foreign body, as in the case of a girl who was under the author's care in the hospital, to whom she had been admitted on account of a small stone in her ear. She subsequently had a paroxysm of fits, and the physician who treated her was reported of a child who not only had facial palsies, but died of meningitis, caused by the presence of a locust bean in the ear. Living larva have been found in the meatus of the ear. Dr. Routt publishes such a case.

EARTHTREES.—One pint of milk, a small pinch of salt, two large table-spoonsfuls of sugar, and a small quantity of cream, or a dessert-spoonful of vanilla butter almond, or any flavoring that may be preferred; let all come to a boil; skim out the peach leaves, and stir into the boiling milk two fresh eggs that have been previously well beaten. Care must be taken to stir the mixture rapidly all the time, so that it does not curdle, and it must be taken from the fire as soon as it begins to thicken. Very nice to eat with raspberry shortcake or pie, or blackberry pie.

J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa., publish a new work by Rev. Dr. March entitled "How to Get Rich." It is one of the best works published. One of the best works published.

SOFT CREAM.—One quart of

AN ACCOUNT IN LA PATRIE.—A new invention in railway signals. The description is very vague, but gives the question that mirrors are to be so set as to reflect a hundred miles of road, a mile at a time, and states that in the present set of experiments is at Marseilles. The statement is made that in the central mirror all the movements of trains on one hundred miles road can be seen, and any danger of collision can be perceived in time for suitable telegraphic orders to prevent accident.

The mirrors to be used are spoken of as ordinary mirrors—whatever that may mean. It is quite obvious that the purpose could not be subserved by ordinary mirrors.

RESTORATION OF FADED HANDWRITING.—Von Bibra reports that a moderately concentrated aqueous solution of tannin (gallo-tannic acid) will render legible writing which has faded through age, with none of the destructive effects accompanying the use of ammonia.

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